



SASEC Overview

- · Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Sri Lanka
- SASEC goal "to increase trade and economic cooperation within South Asia, create linkages to East and Southeast Asia, and promote sustained and inclusive economic growth through regional cooperation"
- · 40 investment projects worth over \$7.6 billion
- 69 TA projects worth over \$65 million
- 3 sectors: transport, energy, trade facilitation
- ADB serves as SASEC Secretariat





SASEC TF Program and TA Resources

SASEC Trade Facilitation Program (2012)



- Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal \$48 million
 - modern and effective customs administration



streamlined and transparent regulations and procedures



 improved information and responsiveness to the private sector

Japan Fund for Poverty Reduction TAs

- National TAs Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal
- Regional TA six SASEC countries



SASEC TF Strategic Framework



Developed 2013, endorsed 2014

- Customs modernization & harmonization
- · Standards & conformity assessment
- Cross border facilities improvement
- Through transport facilitation
- · Institution & capacity building



SASEC TFSF: Pillar 2

- Standards & conformity assessment
- Identify SPS-sensitive products commodities
- ii. Strengthen national conformity assessment boards through SARSO



SASEC TFSF: Pillar 2



November 2013 – SASEC
Brainstorming Meeting on
Sanitary/Phytosanitary Priorities
and Challenges in SASEC
Member Countries



December 2014 – SASEC Trade Facilitation Week: Sanitary/Phytosanitary and Technical Barriers to Trade



SASEC 2025: the Way Forward

- SASEC 2025 10-year strategy and operational plan, laying out a road map to achieve the fundamental SASEC goal
- Strengthen national conformance bodies and the development of infrastructure and automation in SPS-related and other border agencies
 - upgrading testing and certification facilities to expedite cargo
 - strengthening national conformance bodies and promoting harmonization of standards - creating opportunities for Mutual Recognition Agreements
 - promoting automation in other border agencies to enable them to link into the NSWs





For Discussion / Agreement

- Review the terms of reference for the national SPS/TBT diagnostic study, reflecting the national priorities and preferences for Bhutan;
- ii. Review the commodities chosen by Bhutan for the national diagnostic study;
- iii. Confirm the willingness of the nodal point and group to work with the national consultant for the period of the diagnostic study; and
- iv. Schedule for conducting the study.





