

Priyantha D C Wijayatunga, PhD Principal Energy Specialist Asian Development Bank

SASEC Cross-Border Power Trade Development Study
Tour to Nord Pool Spot
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#### **Presentation Outline**

- Regional cooperation
- What is ADB doing?
- Power Sector in South Asia
- Economic Benefits: Case Studies
- Barriers to overcome
- Final Remarks





#### Regional Integration

- A core emphasis in ADB Strategy 2020 and Energy Policy
- Energy, Transport and Trade Facilitation key areas

#### ADB focused to assist countries in

- Moving towards a fully interconnected regional electricity transmission grid
- Develop power generation
- Establishing an integrated power market
- Sharing knowledge and experience



## Regional cooperation helps

- Expand the clean energy development beyond country boundaries
  - Sharing expertise and experience
  - Investment
- Lower fossil fuel based generation
- Lower reserve capacity requirements
- Reduce power deficits
  - Fast implementation times



Improved reliability of supply



## What ADB is doing

- Central Asia Regional Economic
   Cooperation (CAREC) 10 countries
  - Afghanistan, Azerbaijan, People's Republic of China, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Mongolia, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan
- ADB a key partner among 6 multilateral agencies



- Flagship projects
  - CASA-1000 and TAPI Gas pipeline



## What ADB is doing .....

- Greater Mekong Subregion (GMS)
  - Economic area bound together by the Mekong River; 2.6 million square kilometers; 326 million people
  - Cambodia, PRC (Yunnan Province and Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region), Lao PDR, Myanmar, Thailand, and Viet Nam
  - Supports strengthening developing generation projects and cross-border transmission links
  - Regional Power Trade Coordination Committee (RPTCC)





# What ADB is doing.....

- South Asia Sub-regional Economic Cooperation (SASEC)
- Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal and Sri Lanka
- SASEC Energy Working Group



Afghanistan and
Pakistan: Access to
large hydropower
esources; experience
severe power
shortages

Afghanistan

Pakistan

Nepal and Bhutan: Large hydropower resources; Nepal experience severe power shortages

Nepal

Bhutan

India: High demand growth, coal power dominated, coal shortages, power deficits, significant advances in clean energy development

Maldives: Heavy reliance on liquid fuel and ongoing large scale distributed solar power development

India

Bangladesh

Bangladesh: power shortages, heavy reliance on domestic natural gas and plans for large coal power development

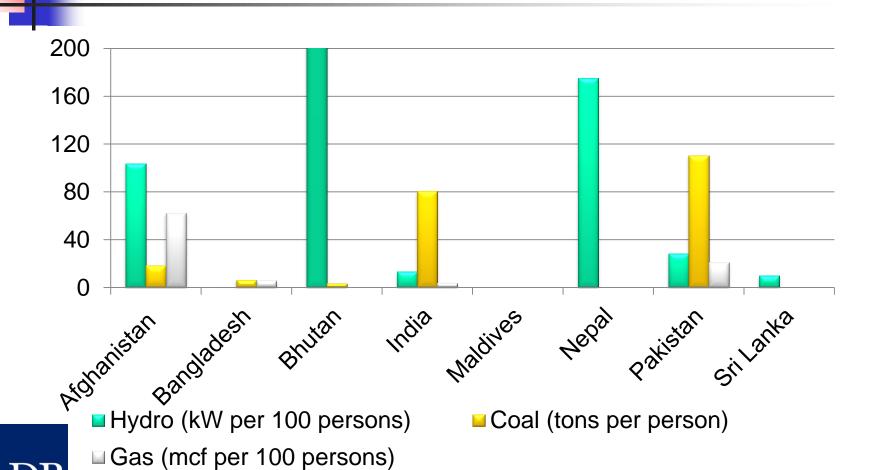
Sri Lanka

Maldives

Sri Lanka: Heavy reliance on liquid fuel and ongoing large coal power development



#### Resources







- India-Nepal power interconnections
  - Power imports in the short terms
  - Long term, export Nepal hydropower
- Bangladesh-India power interconnection
  - Import to Bangladesh
  - Transit in Bangladesh (NE India to N India)
- Bhutan-India interconnections
  - Export Bhutan hydropower



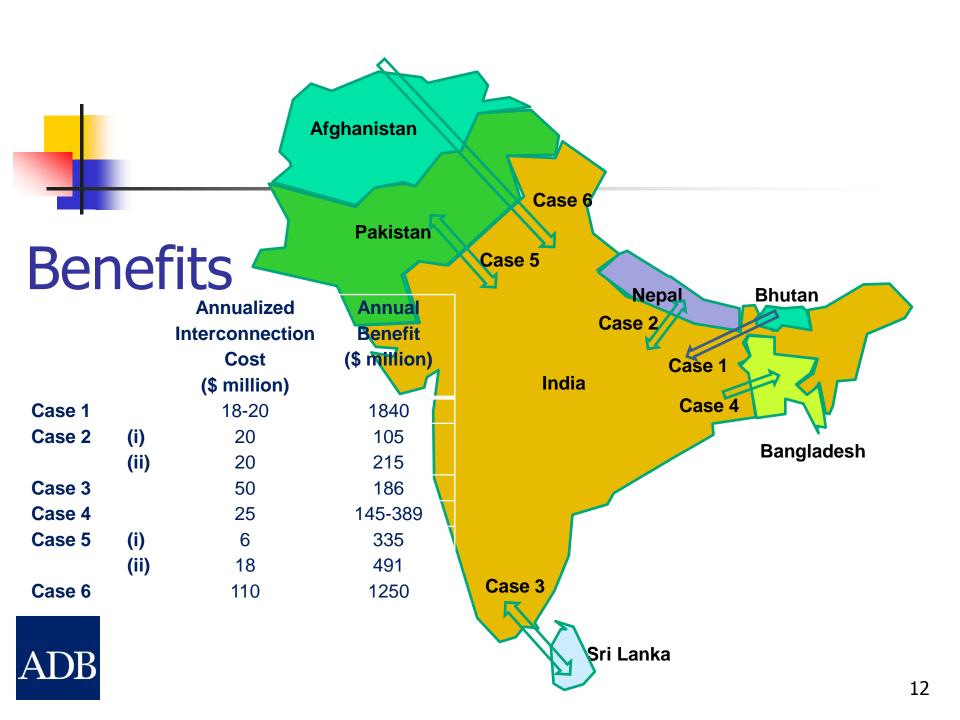


## Cross Border ...



- India-Sri Lanka interconnection
  - Exchange of power
- Afghanistan- Pakistan-India
  - Short term import from India
  - Long term import hydropower from Central and West Asia
- Interconnections with Maldives
  - Distant possibility at this stage







#### Barriers to overcome

- Policy and regulatory environment for cross-border trade
- Cross-border transmission infrastructure
- Mutual understanding among key stakeholders on regional cooperation
  - Policymakers, Regulators, Utilities, Investors





#### Policy and Regulatory Barriers

- Recognition of regional electricity trade in policies, laws, regulations and rules
- Multilateral/ bilateral agreements
- Nodal agencies for cross-border trade
- Regulation relating to market access
  - Specific regulations of the energy regulators
  - Trade licenses from the relevant ministries
- Tariff regulation relating to cross-border trade



## Policy and Regulatory Barriers



- Open access to transmission
- Grid codes
- Cross-border transmission plan
- Transmission charges
- Mechanism for dispute resolution





## Overcoming barriers

- Policy issues
  - SASEC and SAARC Energy Working Groups
  - Intergovernmental meetings of experts
  - Bilateral interactions
- Institutional
  - Nodal agency for power trading
  - South Asian Forum for Infrastructure Regulation (SAFIR)
    - Focused group for power trade
  - SASEC Transmission Utility Forum (SETUF)
    - Address technical issues





## **ADB Soft Support**

- SAARC Regional Energy Trade Study
- South Asia Regional Power Exchange Study
- South Asia Transmission Master Plan study
  - Cross border transmission for large scale power transfers
- SASEC Electricity Transmission Utility Forum
- Awareness workshops, seminars and study visits





## Project Assistance

#### Bhutan-India

- Dagachchu 114MW
- Nikachchu 120MW

#### Bangladesh-India

- 500MW, 400kV transmission interconnection
- Enhancement to 1000MW
- Facilitation of transactions
- Possible support for additional transmission and HVDC facilities





- India-Nepal
  - Transmission facilities for power evacuation towards the cross border lines
  - Feasibility study 2<sup>nd</sup> cross border line
  - Detailed engineering design of 350MW
     Dudh Koshi hydropower plant





- India-Sri Lanka
  - Assistance for detailed design and construction of interconnection
  - Facilitation negotiations
  - Support for related developments
    - Transmission network strengthening
    - Wind power development





### Final remarks

- Energy development in South Asia
  - Catalyzed by regional cooperation
  - Sharing resources, experience, expertise
- Requires recognition in policies, laws and regulations
  - Minimum interventions in the short term
- Existing institutions adequate to handle issues
- Access to the Indian Power Market helps
- Multilateral institutions like ADB have a key role to play



# Thank you

Priyantha D C Wijayatunga

E-mail: pwijayatunga@adb.org

